

# DILEPTON PRODUCTION IN ELEMENTARY NUCLEAR REACTIONS

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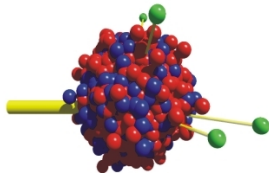


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Theoretische Physik**



# OUTLINE

- Introduction
- Physics Motivation
- Experimental Situation
- Calculating Dilepton Spectra
- Background Processes
- In-Medium Effects
- Offshell Transport
- Outlook



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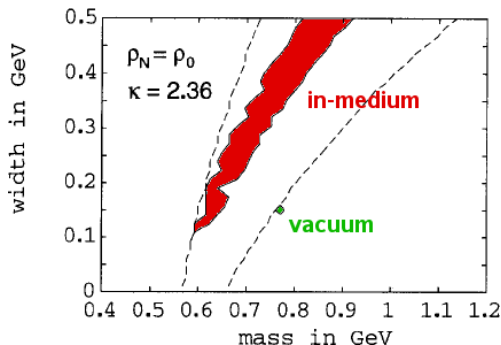
GiBUU

# INTRODUCTION

- aim: study  $e^+e^-$  spectra from elementary nuclear reactions ( $\gamma$ -,  $p$ - or  $\pi$ -induced) to learn about in-medium properties of vector mesons
- active experiments: g7@JLAB, E325@KEK, HADES@GSI
- not discussed here: heavy-ion collisions
- advantages of elementary collisions:
  - cleaner environment, nucleus close to ground state
  - defined density, predicted effects are large enough at  $\rho_0$
- also not discussed: hadronic decays of vector mesons
- advantage of dileptons: interact only electromagnetically, undisturbed by strong nuclear forces  
 $\Rightarrow$  can carry in-medium information outside  
(only small Coulomb corrections)

# PHYSICS MOTIVATION

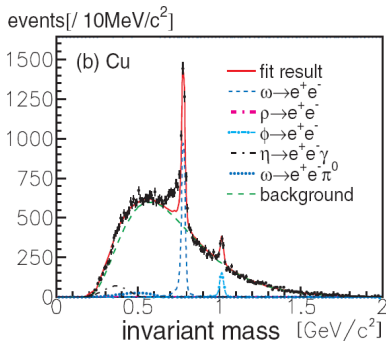
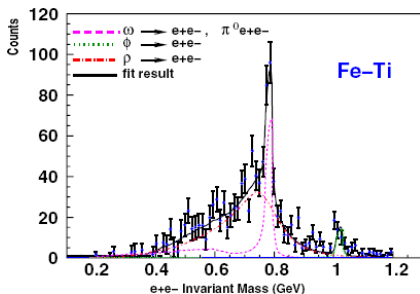
- how do vector mesons behave inside a hadronic medium?
- theoretical predictions:
  - collisional broadening
  - mass shift (up/down?)



- Brown/Rho (effective Lagrangian approach):  $m_V^*(\rho_0)/m_V \approx 0.8$
- Hatsuda/Lee (using QCD sum rules, neglecting width):  
 $m_V^*(\rho)/m_V \approx 1 - \alpha(\rho/\rho_0)$ ,  $\alpha \approx 0.16 \pm 0.06$
- extended sum-rule analysis by Leupold/Peters/Mosel, including finite width, (nucl-th/9708016)

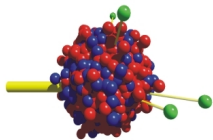
- $\gamma A \rightarrow e^+ e^- X$
- $E_\gamma \approx 0.6 \dots 3.8 \text{ GeV}$
- no significant mass shift:  
 $\alpha = 0.02 \pm 0.02$
- consistent with collisional broadening

- $pA \rightarrow e^+ e^- X$
- 12 GeV protons
- mass shift:  
 $\alpha = 0.092 \pm 0.002$
- no broadening!



# THE GiBUU TRANSPORT MODEL

- product of 20 years of BUU research in Giessen
- unified framework for various types of reactions ( $pA$ ,  $\pi A$ ,  $\gamma A$ ,  $eA$ ,  $\nu A$ ,  $AA$ ) and observables
- modern, modular and well-documented Fortran code ( $\sim 200.000$  LOC)
- collaborative effort, SVN-based multi-user environment
- since 2008: publicly-available Open-Source releases
- <http://gibuu.physik.uni-giessen.de>
- cf. talks of T. Gaitanos, K. Gallmeister, M. Kaskulov, O. Lalakulich, A. Larionov, T. Leitner



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## GiBUU

The Giessen Boltzmann-Uehling-Uhlenbeck Project

# DILEPTON SOURCES

hadron decays contributing to the dilepton spectrum:

direct decays:

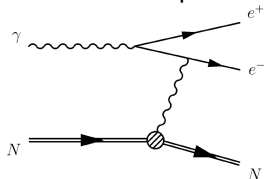
- $\rho^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
- $\omega \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
- $\phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$

Dalitz decays:

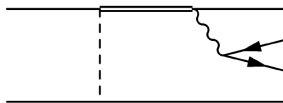
- $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$
- $\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$
- $\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$
- $\Delta \rightarrow N e^+ e^-$

plus other background contributions:

Bethe-Heitler process:



$NN$ -/ $\pi N$ -Bremsstrahlung:



# CALCULATING DILEPTON SPECTRA

- easiest case:  $\gamma N$  reaction (elementary process)
- mass-differential cross section for  $\gamma N \rightarrow VX \rightarrow e^+e^-X$ :

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\mu} = \sigma_{\gamma N \rightarrow VX}(s) \cdot \mathcal{A}_V(\mu) \cdot BR_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-}(\mu)$$

- $\sigma_{\gamma N \rightarrow VX}(s)$ : inclusive photoproduction of a VM
- $V \rightarrow e^+e^-$  decay width (from VMD):

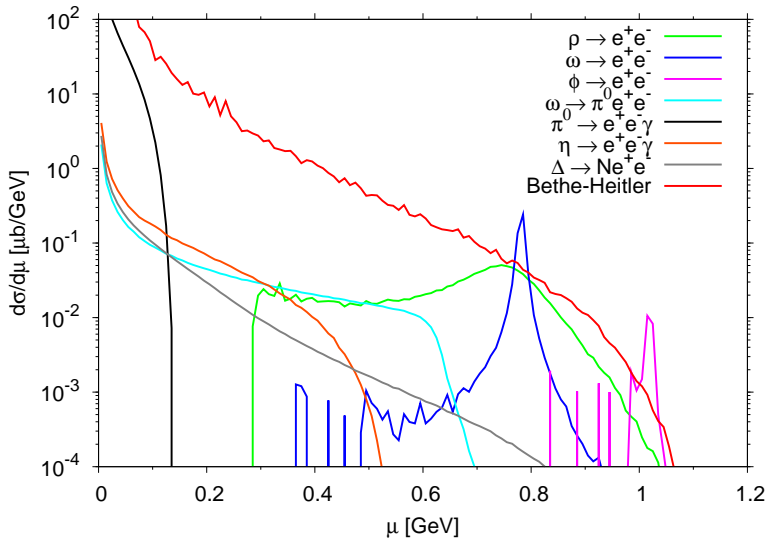
$$\Gamma_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-}(\mu) = C_V \frac{m_V^4}{\mu^3}$$

- on a nucleus (using GiBUU transport model):

$$\frac{dN_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-}}{d^3p d\mu} = \int_0^\infty dt d^3r \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} F_V(\vec{r}, t, \vec{p}, \mu) \frac{\Gamma_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-}(\mu)}{\gamma}$$

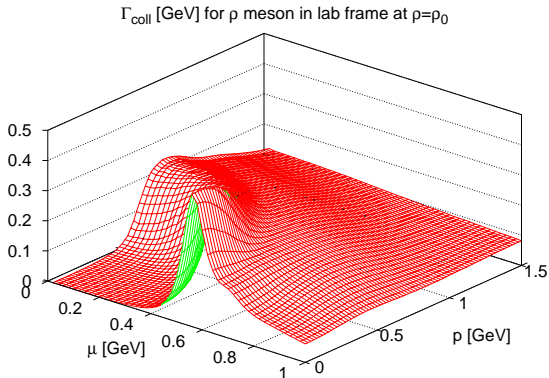


# $\gamma + {}^{12}\text{C}$ @ 1.5 GeV (VACUUM SPECTRAL FUNCTIONS)



# COLLISIONAL BROADENING

- in medium:  $\Gamma_{tot} = \Gamma_{vac} + \Gamma_{coll}$
- $\Gamma_{coll} = \rho \langle v_{rel} \sigma_{VN} \rangle$  (low density approximation, in lab frame)
- contributing processes:  $VN \rightarrow \pi N, \pi\pi N, VN, R$
- in practice: lookup table  $\Gamma_{coll}(m, |\vec{p}|, \rho_p, \rho_n)$



# OFF-SHELL TRANSPORT

- based on off-shell EOMs for test particles, found by S. Leupold (nucl-th/9909080), Cassing/Juchem (nucl-th/9903070)
- construct an “off-shell potential” which fulfills these EOMs
- put this into a Hamiltonian  $H = \sqrt{\mu^2 + \vec{p}^2} + \text{Re}(\Sigma)$
- where either  $\mu = m_0 + V_{nr}$  or  $\mu^2 = m_0^2 + V_{rel}^2$
- using the full width (as obtained from the collision term) results in various problems (tachyons, cut-off effects, ...)

# OUTLOOK

- apply cuts on momentum, opening angle, etc
- improve off-shell transport
- investigate influence of formation time in  $\gamma N \rightarrow VN$
- extend Bremsstrahlung calculation (beyond SPA)
- work on  $\pi$ -induced reactions (together with H. van Hees)
- compare with data: KEK, HADES, JLAB?  
(requires applying their cuts & acceptance)
- ...